Anti-c-Myc antibody [Y69] ab32072



WRabMAb[®]



Overview

Product name	Anti-c-Myc antibody [Y69]
Description	Rabbit monoclonal [Y69] to c-Myc
Specificity	This antibody is specific for c-Myc.
Tested applications	WB, IHC-P, ICC/IF, IP
Species reactivity	Reacts with: Mouse, Rat, Human
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide corresponding to residues in the N terminus of Human c-Myc.
Positive control	Purchase matching WB positive control: Active human c-Myc full length protein > WB: Rhis antibody gave a positive signal in the following whole cell lysates: Jurkat; Raji; K562; THP1; A20; Raw264.7 IF: HeLa cells. IHC-P: Human skin carcinoma.
General notes	Produced using Abcam's RabMAb [®] technology. RabMAb [®] technology is covered by the following U.S. Patents, No. 5,675,063 and/or 7,429,487.
	This product is available conjugated to DyLight [®] 488 or DyLight [®] 594 see ab139907 and ab139940 respectively.
	This product is available conjugated to Agarose valided in IP usage - ab178457
	A 40 μl trial size is available to purchase for this product.
	Myc is involved in MAPK-p38 signaling pathway - see the interactive version.
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Properties

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Dissociation constant (K _D)	$K_D = 3.80 \times 10^{-12} M$
	LOW AFFINITY -7 -8 -9 -10 -11 -12 Learn more about K _D
Storage buffer	PBS 49%,Sodium azide 0.01%,Glycerol 50%,BSA 0.05%
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone number	Y69
Isotype	lgG

Applications

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab32072 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application Abreviews Notes

WB 常常常常

Application notes ICC/IF: 1/250 - 1/500.

IHC-P: 1/50. IP: 1/150.

WB: 1/10000. Detects a band of approximately 57 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 49 kDa).

Is unsuitable for FACS.

Not yet tested in other applications.

Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Target

Function Participates in the regulation of gene transcription. Binds DNA in a non-specific manner, yet also specifically recognizes the core sequence 5'-CAC[GA]TG-3'. Seems to activate the transcription of growth-related genes.

Involvement in disease Note=Overexpression of MYC is implicated in the etiology of a variety of hematopoietic tumors.

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving MYC may be a cause of a form of B-cell chronic lymphocytic

leukemia. Translocation t(8;12)(q24;q22) with BTG1.

Defects in MYC are a cause of Burkitt lymphoma (BL) [MIM:113970]. A form of undifferentiated malignant

lymphoma commonly manifested as a large osteolytic lesion in the jaw or as an abdominal mass. Note=Chromosomal aberrations involving MYC are usually found in Burkitt lymphoma. Translocations t(8;14),

t(8;22) or t(2;8) which juxtapose MYC to one of the heavy or light chain immunoglobulin gene loci.

Sequence similarities Contains 1 basic helix-loop-helix (bHLH) domain.

Post-translational modifications

Phosphorylated by PRKDC. Phosphorylation at Thr-58 and Ser-62 by GSK3 is required for ubiquitination and degradation by the proteasome.

Ubiquitinated by the SCF(FBXW7) complex when phosphorylated at Thr-58 and Ser-62, leading to its degradation by the proteasome. In the nucleoplasm, ubiquitination is counteracted by USP28, which interacts with isoform 1 of FBXW7 (FBW7alpha), leading to its deubiquitination and preventing degradation. In the nucleolus, however,

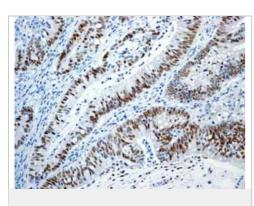
ubiquitination is not counteracted by USP28, due to the lack of interaction between isoform 4 of FBXW7 (FBW7gamma) and USP28, explaining the selective MYC degradation in the nucleolus. Also polyubiquitinated by

the DCX(TRUSS) complex.

Cellular localization Nucleus > nucleoplasm. Nucleus > nucleolus.

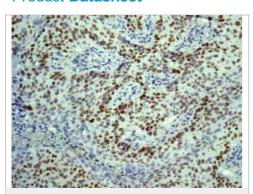
Form c-Myc is also expressed in the cytoplasm.

Anti-c-Myc antibody [Y69] images



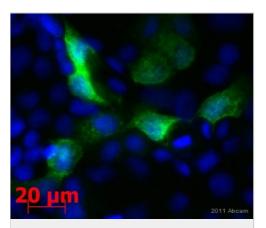
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)-Anti-c-Myc antibody [Y69](ab32072)

ab32072 showing positive staining in Colonic adenocarcinoma tissue.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)-Anti-c-Myc antibody [Y69](ab32072)

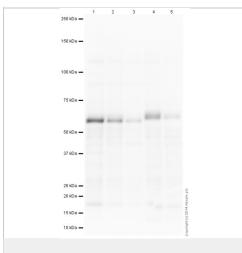
ab32072 showing positive staining in Lung adenocarcinoma tissue.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - c-Myc antibody [Y69] (ab32072)

Image courtesy of Dr Vladimir Mlenkovic by Abreview.

ab32072 staining c-Myc in HEK-293 cells transfected with CACNB4-c-Myc by Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence. Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilized with 0.5% Triton X-100 then blocked using 5% serum for 20 minutes at 25°C. Samples were then incubated with ab32072 at a 1/250 dilution for 16 hours at 4°C. The secondary used was an Alexa-Fluor 488 conjugated goat anti-rabbit polyclonal, used at a 1/500 dilution.



Western blot - Anti-c-Myc antibody [Y69] (ab32072)

All lanes : Anti-c-Myc antibody [Y69] (ab32072) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : Raji (Human Burkitt's lymphoma cell line) Whole Cell Lysate

Lane 2: K562 (Human erythromyeloblastoid leukemia cell line) Whole Cell Lysate

Lane 3 : THP1 (Human acute monocytic leukemia cell line) Whole Cell Lysate

Lane 4: A20 (Mouse B lymphoma cell line)

Whole Cell Lysate

Lane 5 : RAW 264.7 (Mouse leukaemic monocyte macrophage cell line) Whole Cell Lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Secondary

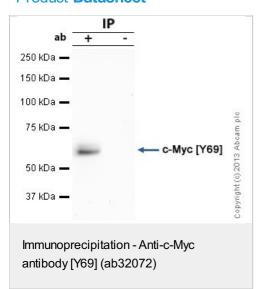
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/50000 dilution developed using the ECL technique

Performed under reducing conditions.

Predicted band size: 49 kDa **Observed band size**: 57 kDa

The predicted molecular weight of c-Myc is 48 kDa (SwissProt), however we expect to observe a banding pattern at 57 kDa.

This blot was produced using a 4-12% Bistris gel under the MOPS buffer system. The gel was run at 200V for 50 minutes before being transferred onto a Nitrocellulose membrane at 30V for 70 minutes. The membrane was then blocked for an hour using 2% Bovine Serum Albumin before being incubated with ab32072 overnight at 4°C. Antibody binding was detected using an anti-rabbit HRP antibody, and visualised using ECL development solution ab133406



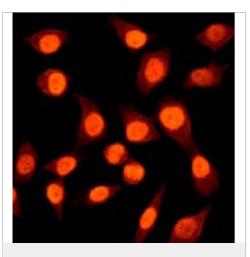
c-Myc was immunoprecipitated using 0.5mg Jurkat whole cell extract, 5µg of Rabbit monoclonal to c-Myc [Y69] and 50µl of protein G magnetic beads (+). No antibody was added to the control (-).

The antibody was incubated under agitation with Protein G beads for 10min, Jurkat whole cell extract lysate diluted in RIPA buffer was added to each sample and incubated for a further 10min under agitation.

Proteins were eluted by addition of 40µl SDS loading buffer and incubated for 10min at 70°C; 10µl of each sample was separated on a SDS PAGE gel, transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane, blocked with 5% BSA and probed with ab32072.

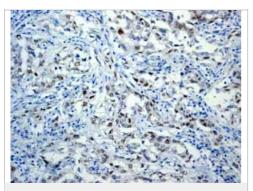
Secondary: Goat polyclonal to mouse IgG light chain specific (HRP) at 1/20,000 dilution.

Band: 57kDa; c-Myc [Y69]



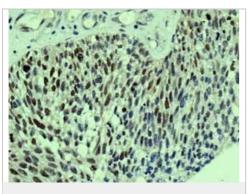
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - c-Myc antibody [Y69] (ab32072)

Ab32072, at a dilution of 1/250, staining Hela cells by Immunoflourescence.



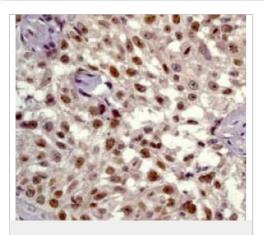
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)-Anti-c-Myc antibody [Y69](ab32072)

ab32072 showing positive staining in Gastric adenocarcinoma tissue.



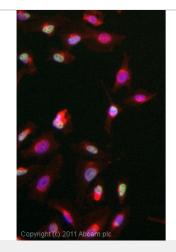
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)-Antic-Myc antibody [Y69](ab32072)

ab32072 showing positive staining in Urinary bladder transitional carcinoma tissue.



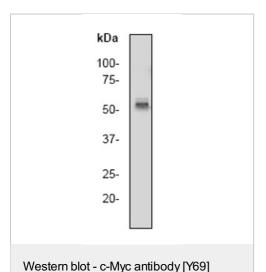
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - c-Myc antibody [Y69] (ab32072)

Ab32072, at a dilution of 1/50, staining c-Myc in paraffin embedded human skin carcinoma tissue by Immunohistochemistry.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - c-Myc antibody [Y69] (ab32072)

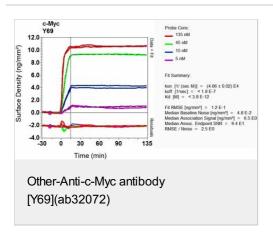
ICC/IF image of ab32072 stained HeLa cells. The cells were 4% PFA fixed (10 min) and then incubated in 1%BSA / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h to permeabilise the cells and block nonspecific protein-protein interactions. The cells were then incubated with the antibody (ab32072, 1µg/ml) overnight at +4°C. The secondary antibody (green) was anti rabbit DyLight® 488 lgG - H&L, pre-adsorbed (ab96899) used at a 1/250 dilution for 1h. Alexa Fluor® 594 WGA was used to label plasma membranes (red) at a 1/200 dilution for 1h. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue) at a concentration of 1.43µM.



(ab32072)

Anti-c-Myc antibody [Y69] (ab32072) at 1/10000 dilution + Jurkat cell lysate.

Predicted band size: 49 kDa **Observed band size**: 57 kDa



Equilibrium disassociation constant (K_D) Learn more about K_D

Click here to learn more about KD

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