

Novocastra™ Lyophilized **Mouse Monoclonal Antibody** Neurofilament 200 kD

MICROSYSTEMS

Product Code: NCL-NF200

Intended Use FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY.

Specificity Human neurofilament polypeptide, 200 kD.

Clone RT97 Ig Class laG1

Antigen Used for

Immunizations

Triton X-100 insoluble rat brain protein.

Hybridoma Partner Mouse myeloma (P3-X63 Ag8-653).

Preparation Lyophilized tissue culture supernatant containing 15 mM sodium azide.

Reconstitute with 1 mL or 0.1 mL of sterile distilled water as indicated on vial label.

Effective on Frozen Tissue

Effective on Paraffin Wax

Embedded Tissue

Vac

Recommendations on Use Immunohistochemistry: Typical working dilution 1:50. 60 minutes primary antibody incubation at

25 °C. Standard ABC technique. Western Blotting: Not evaluated.

Positive Controls Immunohistochemistry: Brain.

Cytoplasmic labeling of neuronal axons. Staining Pattern

Store unopened lyophilized antibody at 4 °C. Under these conditions, there is no significant loss in Storage and Stability

product performance up to the expiry date indicated on the vial label. The reconstituted antibody is stable for at least two months when stored at 4 °C. For long term storage, it is recommended that aliquots of the antibody are frozen at -20 °C (frost-free freezers are not recommended). Repeated freezing and thawing must be avoided. Prepare working dilutions on the day of use.

General Overview Neurofilaments constitute the main structural elements of neuronal axons and dendrites.

Neurofilaments are composed of three major subunits referred to as the neurofilament triplet, with molecular weights of 68 kD, 160 kD and 200 kD. Neurofilament subunits are present in neurons,

neuronal processes, peripheral nerves and sympathetic ganglion cells.

General References Weber K, Shaw G, Osborn M, et al.. Cold Spring Harbour Symp. Quant. Biol. 47: 717-729 (1983).

Anderton B H, Breinburg D, Downes M J, et al.. Nature. 298: 84-86 (1982).

