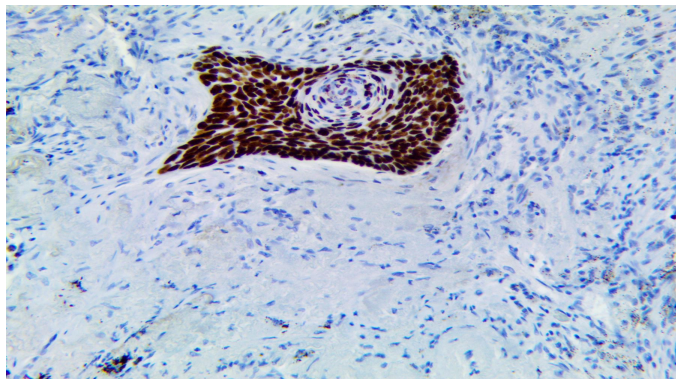


HMGA2

Clone: EP398

Rabbit Monoclonal



Inset: IHC of HMGA2 on a FFPE Lung Squamous Cell Carcinoma Tissue

Intended Use

For In Vitro Diagnostic Use.

This antibody is intended for use in Immunohistochemical applications on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues (FFPE), frozen tissue sections, and cell preparations. Interpretation of results should be performed by a qualified medical professional.

* The HMGA2 antibody, clone EP398, has been manufactured using Epitomics RabMab® technology covered under Patent No's 5,675,063 and 7,402,409.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to residues of the human HMGA2 protein.

Summary and Explanation

High-mobility group AT-hook 2 (HMGA2) belongs to the architectural transcription factor HMGA family and is encoded by the HMGA2 gene. HMGA2 plays a role in chromosomal organization and transcriptional regulation. HMGA2 has three basic DNA-binding domains (AT-hooks) that bind to AT rich regions of nuclear DNA and alter the structure of DNA to promote the assembly of protein complexes that regulate transcription. With few exceptions, HMGA2 is expressed in humans only during early development, and is reduced to undetectable levels of transcription in adult tissues.

Elevated expression of HMGA2 is found in a variety of human cancers, correlates with metastasis and poor prognosis for patients. High HMGA2 expression have been reported in Pituitary Adenoma, Thyroid Carcinoma, Triple-Negative Breast Carcinoma, Breast Carcinoma, Lung Adenocarcinoma, Colorectal Carcinoma, Hepatoblastoma, Pancreatic Adenocarcinoma, Conventional and Intramuscular Lipoma, Liposarcoma, Gastric, and Ovarian Tumors and other conditions.. HMGA2 is expressed in most conventional and intramuscular lipomas and can aid in differentiating between Lipomas from dedifferentiated Liposarcomas and distinguishing areas of tumor from normal adipose tissue. In Mesenchymal tumors, HMGA2 is expressed in benign Fibrous Histiocytoma, Nodular Fasciitis, and Vulvovaginal Angiomyxoma.. In Thyroid Carcinomas, upregulation of HMGA2 can distinguish between benign and malignant Follicular neoplasias. HMGA2 overexpression is often found in Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer and could be used as a marker for Lung carcinomas.

Antibody Type	Rabbit Monoclonal	Clone	EP398
Isotype	IgG	Reactivity	Paraffin, Frozen
Localization	Nuclear	Species Reactivity	Human
Control	Cervix, Lung Squamous Cell Carcinoma, Papillary Thyroid Carcinoma		
Application	Thyroid and Parathyroid Cancer, Pituitary Cancer, Breast Cancer, Lung Cancer, Colon and Gastrointestinal Cancer, Ovarian Cancer, Liver Cancer, Gallbladder and Pancreatic Cancer, Sarcoma and Soft Tissue Tumor		

Presentation

Anti-HMGA2 is a Rabbit Monoclonal antibody derived from cell culture supernatant that is concentrated, dialyzed, filter sterilized and diluted in buffer pH 7.5, containing BSA and sodium azide as a preservative.

Catalog No.	Presentation	Dilution	Volume
BSB-3729-3	Predilute	Ready-to-Use	3.0 mL
BSB-3729-7	Predilute	Ready-to-Use	7.0 mL
BSB-3729-15	Predilute	Ready-to-Use	15.0 mL
BSB-3729-01	Concentrate	1:50-1:200	0.1 mL
BSB-3729-05	Concentrate	1:50-1:200	0.5 mL
BSB-3729-1	Concentrate	1:50-1:200	1.0 mL

Control Slides Available

Catalog No.	Quantity
BSB-9223-CS	5 slides

Storage Store at 2-8°C (Control Slides: Store at 20-25°C)

Precautions

1. For professional users only. Results should be interpreted by a qualified medical professional.
2. This product contains <0.1% sodium azide (NaN₃) as a preservative. Ensure proper handling procedures are used with this reagent.
3. Always wear personal protective equipment such as a laboratory coat, goggles, and gloves when handling reagents.
4. Dispose of unused solution with copious amounts of water.
5. Do not ingest reagent. If reagent is ingested, seek medical advice immediately.
6. Avoid contact with eyes. If contact occurs, flush with large quantities of water.
7. Follow safety precautions of the heating device used for epitope retrieval (TintoRetriever Pressure Cooker or similar).
8. For additional safety information refer to Safety Data Sheet for this product.
9. For complete recommendations for handling biological specimens, please refer to the CDC document, "Guidelines for Safe Work Practices in Human and Animal Medical Diagnostic Laboratories" (see References in this document).

Stability

This product is stable up to the expiration date on the product label.

Do not use after expiration date listed on the package label. Temperature fluctuations should be avoided. Store appropriately when not in use, and avoid prolonged exposure to room temperature conditions.

Specimen Preparation

Paraffin sections: The antibody can be used on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue sections. Ensure tissue undergoes appropriate fixation for best results. Pre-treatment of tissues with heat-induced epitope retrieval (HIER) is recommended using Bio SB ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate (BSB 0020-BSB 0023), ImmunoDNA Retriever with EDTA (BSB 0030-BSB 0033), or ImmunoDNA Digestor (BSB 0108-0112). See reverse side for complete protocol. Tissue should remain hydrated via use of Bio SB Immuno/DNA Washer solutions (BSB 0029 & BSB 0042).

Frozen sections and cell preparations: The antibody can be used on acetone-fixed frozen sections and acetone-fixed cell preparations.

IHC Protocol

1. Cut and mount 3-5 micron formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues on positively charged slides such as Bio SB Hydrophilic Plus Slides (BSB 7028).
2. Air dry for 2 hours at 58° C.
3. Deparaffinize, dehydrate and rehydrate tissues.
4. Subject tissues to heat induced epitope retrieval (HIER) using a suitable retrieval solution such as ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate (BSB 0020-BSB 0023) or EDTA (BSB 0030-BSB 0033).
5. Any of three heating methods may be used:

a. TintoRetriever Pressure Cooker or Equivalent

Place tissues/slides in a staining dish or coplin jar containing the ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA and place on trivet in the pressure cooker. Add 1-2 inches of distilled water to the pressure cooker and turn heat to high. Incubate for 15 minutes. Open and immediately transfer slides to room temperature.

b. TintoRetriever PT Module or Water Bath Method

Place tissues/slides in a pre-warmed staining dish or coplin jar containing the ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA at 95°-99° C. Incubate for 30-60 minutes.

c. Conventional Steamer Method

Place tissues/slides in a pre-warmed staining dish or coplin jar containing the ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA in a steamer, cover and steam for 30-60 minutes.

6. After heat treatment, transfer slides in ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA to room temperature and let stand for 15-20 minutes.

7. For manual IHC, perform antibody incubation at ambient temperature. For automated IHC methods, perform antibody incubation according to instrument manufacturer's instructions.

8. Wash slides with ImmunoDNA washer or DI water.

9. Continue IHC protocol. Wash slides between each step with ImmunoDNA washer solution.

Abbreviated Immunohistochemical Protocol

Step	ImmunoDetector AP/HRP	PolyDetector AP/HRP	PolyDetector Plus HRP
Peroxidase/AP Blocker	5 min.	5 min.	5 min
Primary Antibody	30-60 min.	30-60 min.	30-60 min.
1st Step Detection	10 min.	30-45 min.	15 min.
2nd Step Detection	10 min.	Not Applicable	15 min.
Substrate- Chromogen	5-10 min.	5-10 min.	5-10 min.
Counterstain / Coverslip	Varies	Varies	Varies

Mounting Protocols

For detailed instructions using biodegradable permanent mounting media such as XyGreen PermaMounter (BSB 0169-0174) or organic solvent based resin such as PermaMounter (BSB 0094-0097), refer to PI0174 or PI0097.

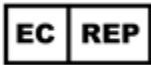
Product Limitations

Due to inherent variability present in immunohistochemical procedures (including fixation time of tissues, dilution factor of antibody, retrieval method utilized, and incubation time), optimal performance should be established through the use of positive and negative controls. Results should be interpreted by a qualified medical professional.

References

1. Fedele M, Battista S, Kenyon L, et al. Overexpression of the HMGA2 gene in transgenic mice leads to the onset of pituitary adenomas. *Oncogene*. 2002;21(20):3190-3198. doi:10.1038/sj.onc.1205428
2. Boo LM, Lin HH, Chung V, et al. High mobility group A2 potentiates genotoxic stress in part through the modulation of basal and DNA damage-dependent phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase-related protein kinase activation. *Cancer Res*. 2005;65(15):6622-6630. doi:10.1158/0008-5472.CAN-05-0086
3. Zhang S, Mo Q, Wang X. Oncological role of HMGA2 (Review). *Int J Oncol*. 2019;55(4):775-788. doi:10.3892/ijo.2019.4856
4. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Guidelines for Safe WorkPractices in Human and Animal Medical Diagnostic Laboratories. Supplement / Vol. 61, January 6, 2012. <https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/other/su6101.pdf>

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 QAdvis EAR AB Ideon Science Park Scheelevägen 17 SE-223 70 Lund, Sweden	 Storage Temperature Limites de température Zulässiger Temperaturbereich	 Manufacturer Fabricant Hersteller	 Catalog Number Référence du catalogue Bestellnummer
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