SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Mucin 4 (1G8): sc-33654



BACKGROUND

Mucins are a group of high molecular weight glycoproteins consisting of a Mucin core protein and O-linked carbohydrates. Mucin 4, a membrane-bound Mucin, is the human homolog of the rat sialomucin complex (SMC). Mucin 4 protein consists of Mucin 4α , a large amino mucin type subunit, and Mucin 4β , a transmembrane subunit containing three EGF-like domains. The Mucin 4 gene is the predominant mucin gene expressed in the normal urothelium and is also expressed in several normal tissues such as trachea, lung and testis. Dysregulation of Mucin 4 results in high levels of expression in pancreatic tumors and tumor cell lines. Induction of Mucin 4 in pancreatic carcinoma by all*trans*-retinoic acid is mediated through the retinoic acid receptor- α signaling pathway. TGFB2 serves as an interim mediator of this regulated expression. Alternative splicing in the 3'-end of the Mucin 4 gene generates at least 12 splice variants, which are characterized as 2 distinct types, a secreted type and a membrane-associated type. Mucin 4 protein acts as a heterodimeric bifunctional cell-surface glycoprotein and forms thick mucous effusion in the diseased middle ear.

REFERENCES

- 1. Moniaux, N., et al. 1999. Complete sequence of the human mucin MUC4: a putative cell membrane-associated mucin. Biochem. J. 338: 325-333.
- Guillem, P., et al. 2000. Mucin gene expression and cell differentiation in human normal, premalignant and malignant esophagus. Int. J. Cancer 88: 856-861.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MUC4 (human) mapping to 3q29; Muc4 (mouse) mapping to 16 B3.

SOURCE

Mucin 4 (1G8) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against the transmembrane domain of the ASGP-2 subunit of Mucin 4 of rat origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 $\mu g\, lgG_1$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Mucin 4 (1G8) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-33654 AC), 500 µg/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-33654 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-33654 PE), fluorescein (sc-33654 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-33654 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-33654 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-33654 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-33654 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-33654 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-33654 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

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STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

Mucin 4 (1G8) is recommended for detection of Mucin 4 of mouse, rat and human by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Mucin 4 siRNA (h): sc-43163, Mucin 4 siRNA (m): sc-43164, Mucin 4 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43163-SH, Mucin 4 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-43164-SH, Mucin 4 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43163-V and Mucin 4 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43164-V.

Molecular Weight of glycosylated Mucin 4: 980 kDa.

Molecular Weight of Mucin 4a: 850 kDa.

Molecular Weight of Mucin 4β : 80 kDa.

Positive Controls: HUV-EC-C whole cell lysate: sc-364180, Y79 cell lysate: sc-2240 or COLO 205 whole cell lysate: sc-364177.

DATA





Mucin 4 (1G8): sc-33654. Western blot analysis of Mucin 4 expression in HUV-EC-C (\mathbf{A}), Y79 (\mathbf{B}) and COLO 205 (\mathbf{C}) whole cell lysates.

Mucin 4 (168): sc-33654. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human duodenum tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of goblet cells.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Kusafuka, K., et al. 2008. Cystadenoma of the palate: immunohistochemistry of mucins. Pathol. Int. 58: 524-528.
- Shimizu, T., et al. 2016. Characterization of progressive metaplasia in the gastric corpus mucosa of Mongolian gerbils infected with *Helicobacter pylori*. J. Pathol. 239: 399-410.
- Loux, S., et al. 2016. Characterization of the cervical mucus plug in mares. Reproduction 153: 197-210.
- Diaferia, G.R., et al. 2016. Dissection of transcriptional and *cis*-regulatory control of differentiation in human pancreatic cancer. EMBO J. 35: 595-617.
- Shibata, W., et al. 2017. *Helicobacter*-induced gastric inflammation alters the properties of gastric tissue stem/progenitor cells. BMC Gastroenterol. 17: 145.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.