

PD-L1 (E1L3N®) XP® Rabbit mAb



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For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications W, IP, IHC-P, F Endogenous	Species Cross-Reactivity* H	Molecular Wt. 40-50 kDa	Isotype Rabbit IgG**
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Background: Programmed cell death 1 ligand 1 (PD-L1, B7-H1, CD274) is a member of the B7 family of cell surface ligands that regulate T cell activation and immune responses. The PD-L1 ligand binds the PD-1 transmembrane receptor and inhibits T cell activation. PD-L1 was discovered following a search for novel B7 protein homologs and was later shown to be expressed by antigen presenting cells, activated T cells, and tissues including placenta, heart, and lung (1-3). Similar in structure to related B7 family members, PD-L1 protein contains extracellular IgV and IgC domains and a short, cytoplasmic region. Research studies demonstrate that PD-L1 is expressed in several tumor types,

including melanoma, ovary, colon, lung, breast, and renal cell carcinomas (4-6). Expression of PD-L1 in cancer is associated with tumor infiltrating lymphocytes, which mediate PD-L1 expression through the release of interferon gamma (7). Additional research links PD-L1 expression to cancers associated with viral infections (8,9).

Specificity/Sensitivity: PD-L1 (E1L3N®) XP® Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total PD-L1 protein.

Source/Purification: Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues near the carboxy terminus of human PD-L1 protein.

Entrez Gene ID #29126
UniProt ID #Q9NZQ7

Storage: Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. *Do not aliquot the antibody.*

***Species cross-reactivity is determined by western blot.**

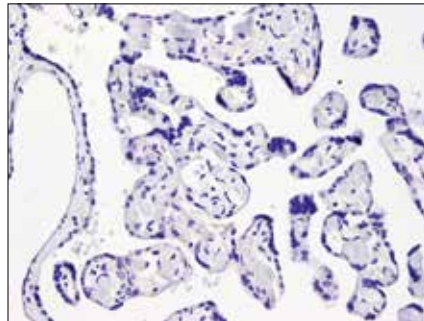
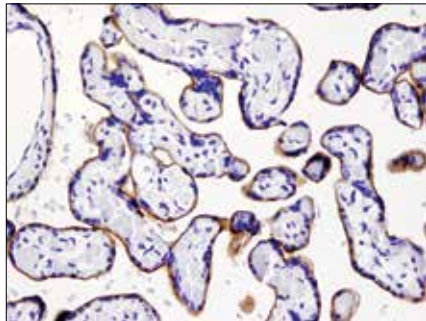
****Anti-rabbit secondary antibodies must be used to detect this antibody.**

Recommended Antibody Dilutions:

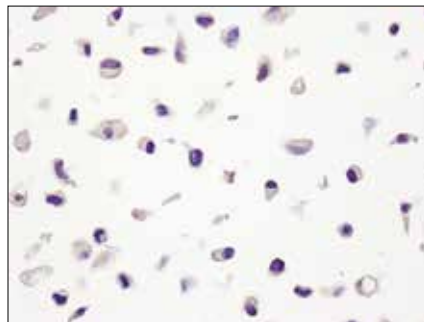
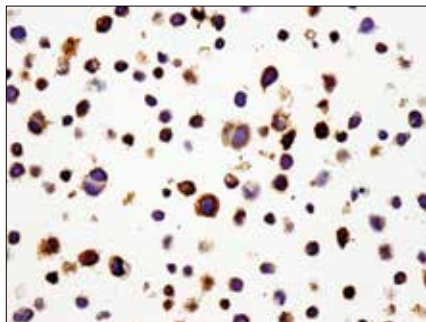
Western blotting	1:1000
Immunoprecipitation	1:50
Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)	1:200†
Unmasking buffer:	EDTA
Antibody diluent:	SignalStain® Antibody Diluent #8112
Detection reagent:	SignalStain® Boost (HRP, Rabbit) #8114
† Optimal IHC dilutions determined using SignalStain® Boost IHC Detection Reagent.	
Flow Cytometry	1:400

For product specific protocols please see the web page for this product at www.cellsignal.com.

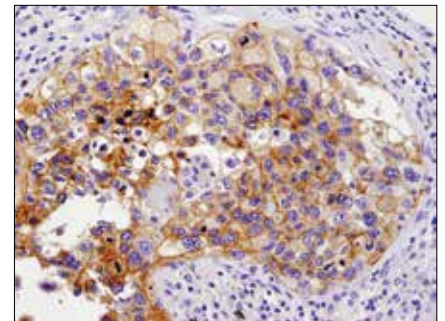
Please visit www.cellsignal.com for a complete listing of recommended companion products.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human placenta using PD-L1 (E1L3N®) XP® Rabbit mAb in the presence of control peptide (left) or antigen-specific peptide (right).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Karpas-299 (left) or PC-3 (right) cell pellets using PD-L1 (E1L3N®) XP® Rabbit mAb.

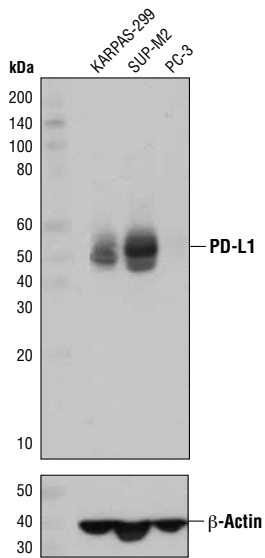


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma using PD-L1 (E1L3N®) XP® Rabbit mAb.

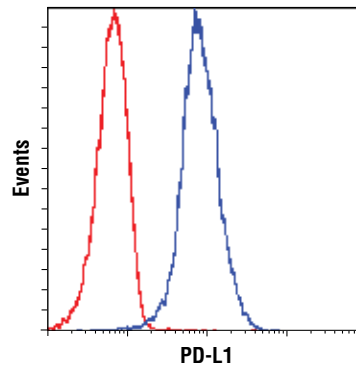
IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

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Tween is a registered trademark of ICI Americas, Inc.

Applications Key: W—Western IP—Immunoprecipitation IHC—Immunohistochemistry ChIP—Chromatin Immunoprecipitation IF—Immunofluorescence F—Flow cytometry E-P—ELISA-Peptide
Species Cross-Reactivity Key: H—human M—mouse R—rat Hm—hamster Mk—monkey Mi—mink C—chicken Dm—D. melanogaster X—Xenopus Z—zebrafish B—bovine
Dg—dog Pg—pig Sc—S. cerevisiae Ce—C. elegans Hr—horse All—all species expected Species enclosed in parentheses are predicted to react based on 100% homology.



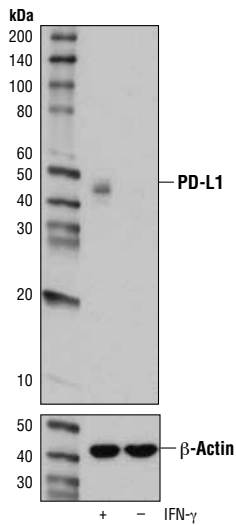
Western blot analysis of extracts from KARPAS-299, SUP-M2, and PC-3 cells using PD-L1 (E1L3N[®]) XP[®] Rabbit mAb (upper) and β -Actin (D6A8) Rabbit mAb #8457 (lower).



Flow cytometric analysis of untreated SUP-M2 cells using PD-L1 (E1L3N[®]) XP[®] Rabbit mAb (blue) compared to concentration-matched Rabbit (DA1E) mAb IgG XP[®] Isotype Control #3900 (red). Anti-rabbit IgG (H+L), F(ab')₂ Fragment (Alexa Fluor[®] 647 Conjugate) #4414 was used as a secondary antibody.

Background References:

- (1) Dong, H. et al. (1999) *Nat Med* 5, 1365-9.
- (2) Freeman, G.J. et al. (2000) *J Exp Med* 192, 1027-34.
- (3) Liang, S.C. et al. (2003) *Eur J Immunol* 33, 2706-16.
- (4) Dong, H. et al. (2002) *Nat Med* 8, 793-800.
- (5) Thompson, R.H. et al. (2006) *Cancer Res* 66, 3381-5.
- (6) Pardoll, D.M. (2012) *Nat Rev Cancer* 12, 252-64.
- (7) Taube, J.M. et al. (2012) *Sci Transl Med* 4, 127ra37.
- (8) Lyford-Pike, S. et al. (2013) *Cancer Res* 73, 1733-41.
- (9) Chen, B.J. et al. (2013) *Clin Cancer Res* 19, 3462-73.



Western blot analysis of extracts from A549 cells, IFN- γ treated (100 ng/mL, 48 hr; +) or untreated (-), using PD-L1 (E1L3N[®]) XP[®] Rabbit mAb (upper) or β -Actin (D6A8) Rabbit mAb #8457 (lower).